

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY MAY 28.

TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES

Born: Thomas Moore, 1779
George L. 1809.
William Pitt 1759.
Died: Sir Humphrey Davy, 1829.
William Erskine, 1822.
Lord John Russell, 1878.
Paris burned, 1871.
Quebec burned, 1845.

THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

Recently the Bankers' Magazine printed an article on the subject of the public domain being rapidly exhausted by settlement under the homestead, the pre-emption, and the timber culture laws. Among other things the magazine said:

The census of 1880 will reveal many wonderful changes. Over 10,000,000 acres of land were sold in the last fiscal year under the operation of the homestead and timber culture laws. More than 124,000,000 of acres have been settled in the last eight years, representing a larger area than the states of Indiana, Illinois, Ohio and Michigan.

The greatest changes have been made in the Northwestern group of states and territories, comprising Dakota, Nebraska, Minnesota, Wyoming and Montana, where nearly 60,000,000 of acres have been settled in the last eight years. In the southwestern group, comprising Kansas, Colorado, Missouri and New Mexico, nearly 30,000,000 of acres have been occupied. On the Pacific coast, 19,000,000 of acres more have been settled, and 33,000,000 of acres must be added for the southern states on both sides of the Mississippi. Along the Pacific coast 18,000,000 of acres have been opened since the last census. In other words, the government and the Pacific railroads have opened for settlement in the last eight years a territory larger than Texas, larger than Germany or France, and about twice as large as Great Britain and Ireland.

The time will not long delay its coming when there will be a practical exhaustion of the public domain. There will be land left, of course, in twenty years from now, but it will not be such as farmers want for homes.

In the last ten years, over eight millions of people have settled in the territories and the new states of the west. They have gone there because land could be got for the settlement of it. To be sure some have gone into towns and cities, but the bulk of them have settled on homesteads or pre-empted lands. Exhaust the supply of public lands to be taken under the three laws named, and the tide of emigration westward will be greatly checked. There will be no boom like that of Dakota, no such a rush compared with that to Oklahoma. No more towns will be built in a day and no state will spring out of a wilderness in a year.

This question is asked as to what shall be done when this public land exhaustion shall come to pass:—How is the characteristic land hunger of the white race to be fed in this country? What results will follow when there is no longer a virgin west to attract hardy pioneers and supply freeholders as a reward for the privations and hardships of life on the frontier? It is not difficult to answer these questions. Good farming land will advance in price, and those who expect to reap well from the farm will have to reduce the number of acres they are attempting now to cultivate. Farms are too large to be profitable in many of the territories and the newer states. The independence of agriculture can be more easily secured by better farming, and better farming, as experience shows, is not secured by the skimmed milk process.

When the time comes that there is no more public lands for the immigrants, they will have to buy of the old settlers, and when this is done, there will be better homes and more bushels to the acre than there is now.

THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

In reviewing the proceedings of the Presbyterian General Assembly, now in session in New York, the Tribune remarks: "Contrary to what was expected a few months ago, the project of bringing about a union between the northern and southern branches of the church has not come prominently before the assembly. This has not been because of any failure to recognize its importance or necessity on the part of the northern assembly, but solely because it is evident that the time for such a union has not come. While the two branches of the church are one in belief, they disagree radically as to the status of the negro in the church, and on other minor questions that arose out of the civil war. But while an organic union appears to be as far off as ever, a plan of co-operation in certain lines of religious work has been agreed upon that is something to diminish the evils of separation, and may, perhaps, ultimately lead to a closer union.

The utterances of the assembly in regard to the remarkable falling off in the number of candidates for the ministry have been startling. This complaint of a dearth of ministers is, indeed, common to all the churches, with the possible exception of the Roman Catholic church. But the statements made in the assembly would indicate that Presbyterianism is the greatest sufferer from this dearth. In fact, it is plain that the Presbyterian church will soon experience a ministerial famine that will jeopardize its very existence unless something is done to check it. But just what should be done is not at all clear. The desire for wealth and the spirit of materialism which are abroad in the world to-day are doubtless responsible for the refusal of many young men to enter the Christian ministry at the present time. In the case of the Presbyterian church, there are special causes at work which are involved in the dogmatic position of that body. In a word, as some of the most eminent Presbyterian ministers have openly asserted, young men who are otherwise fit to enter the Presbyterian ministry are kept out because they cannot conscientiously subscribe to

the standards framed by the Westminster Assembly. That is the case in a nutshell, and it therefore brings before the church the question whether or not it is right or desirable to revise these standards. On that question the present Assembly has refused to render a decision, to the regret of some of the best and wisest men in the church. A resolution, however, has been adopted, putting to the various Presbyteries the following questions: 1. Do you desire a revision of the Confession of Faith? 2. If so, in what respects and to what extent? Although this action necessarily postpones the final decision of the matter for a number of years, the fact that it was taken at all is a virtual admission that the standards of the church are simply the opinions of fallible men which "other fallible men may properly revise, or even abrogate, if they so desire. The admission is a tremendous one, when the conservative traditions of Presbyterianism are borne in mind, and cannot fail to strengthen the movement in favor of modification and revision. For it takes the decrees of the Westminster assembly out of the category of inspired utterance in which they have been placed by vague tradition, and assigns to them a human origin. The divine guidance of the church did not cease in 1643, and it is quite possible that its great synods to-day may be just as competent to say what the scriptures teach, and what, therefore, the church believes, as were the venerable men who assembled in Westminster Abbey in 1643 by order of the British parliament. Intensely conservative as Presbyterianism is, it is evident that the day has gone by when it is willing to make a fetish of the views and opinions of even its wisest and holiest men."

TIME SERVERS.

A Class of Employers Who Are Wanted

How many men there are holding good-paying positions as journeymen who are really of no value unless kept constantly under the eye of the foreman or their employer. They are simply time servers, who take no interest in the business they represent beyond the actual time necessary to count them a day's work. They work when closely watched because they are obliged to, not from any motive of honor or interest in the business. What can be expected of such workmen but that they will slight their work and idle their time at every opportunity?

If you can not give your employer your full time for which he pays, and take some interest in his business, you had better leave him at once. To this he is entitled, and has a right to expect of you. If your mind is not upon your work you can not expect to accomplish it with any degree of satisfaction to your employer or credit to yourself. In going about from one shop to another it is a very easy matter to pick out the time servers. Upon the slightest pretext they drop their work to talk or look about, and are always ready to get out of the door the moment the clock strikes 6, and their example is very rapidly followed by the apprentices or younger workmen. They have to be constantly watched, and this fact, being known to the firm, is not long in having its results. Employers are more generally knowing to the habits and qualities of the men they employ than the men often realize, and they invariably know who are the time servers among them, so that when there comes a convenient opportunity or a fall in business, these are the first to be discharged.

It pays to be faithful and to do your best at all times, and more especially when your employer is not watching. If you must idle away time, do it when he is about, but don't dishonor yourself or betray his confidence by taking advantage of his absence.

This is one of the worst features of our American system. It is an example which is set by the older men and which is readily adopted by apprentices, and it is the exception rather than the rule that we find a young man who is sufficiently interested in his own welfare and his employer's, as well to give his full time and attention to his work. Those who do this are sure of success, and it is from among such that have risen those men whose names are written upon the pages of history as having made their mark in the world, and left behind not only pleasant recollections, but a shining example that is worthy of a careful imitation.

FORONA GRANGE.

PUBLIC SESSION AT HARMONY TOWN HALL, JUNE 5TH, 1889.

The following programme has been prepared for the afternoon meeting of Rock County Pomona Grange to be held at Harmony Town hall Wednesday June 5th, 1889.

Paper by Mrs. E. G. Pound, "What can we afford?"

Paper by J. H. Haviland, "A lucky farmer."

Essay by Olive Finch.

Paper by O. D. Antisdell.

A paper will be read by Hon. Andrew Barless, which will be responded to by Aaron Broughton.

A cordial invitation is extended to all.

CHILDREN'S DAY AT CENTER. Center Grange will observe Saturday, June 15th as Children's day, by holding a basket picnic in the grove near the hall. Exercises are to commence at ten o'clock. All the schools near are invited to come and take part in the exercises. Arrangements are being made to have some excellent music. Everybody come, prepared to enjoy themselves.

E. G. FORD, Sec'y.

Jack and Jill each took a pill. Old fashioned kind—fall grown. Jill went down—but with a frown. Jill died from "cause unknown." Smiles will supersede many frowns, and many discomforts will be unknown, when Dr. Fiere's Pleasant Purgative Pills entirely supersede, as they bid fair to do, the large and less efficient pill of our forefathers. Every day they gain new laurels! Most popular when ill about!

THOSE UNLAPY PERSONS who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made expressly for sleepless, nervous, dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25 cents.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This receipt was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to Dr. J. C. GILBERT, Station 2, New York City.

For a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills.

THE CRIME REVEALED.

ICE-MAN SULLIVAN MAKES A FULL CONFESSION.

He Gives the Names of All Whom He Knows to Have Been Concerned in the Crime.

Detective Coughlin Lodged in Jail Without Bail—The Case Against McGeehan.

Special to the Gazette.

CHICAGO, May 28th.—While the police authorities are very reticent regarding P. O. Sullivan's confession, it is generally understood to implicate several prominent persons here and in St. Louis, New York and Philadelphia. It is said that three detectives are now shadowing certain prominent citizens and will arrest them on the first auspicious move.

It is rumored that several arrests were made during the night. Sullivan was again brought before Justice Kersten this morning and was held without bail. He was sent to the county jail.

The corner's jury took carriage this morning to visit the catch-basin, where Cronin's body was found, the cottage and other scenes connected with the murder. The jury has not yet returned.

CHICAGO, May 28.—The latest report is that Patrick O. Sullivan was arrested last night on a warrant charging him with complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin had squaled. He had been from one day of freedom until the police had surrounded him with various statements, and then he weakened. He decided to tell what he knew and tell it straight. He was taken into the private office of Capt. Wing at the Lake View station. Capt. Schack and Lieut. Schuetler, of the Chicago force, and Mayor Boldenweck of Lake View, were present. He then confessed that he had known Coughlin for years instead of having become acquainted with him only since the murder. He also admitted that he was a member of the Clan-na-Gael in good standing, and was present at the night of May 22, 1888, when Cronin and others initiated several new members, taking one of the officer's chairs. It is asserted that he made a clean breast of the murder.

Mayor Boldenweck, when he came out, was asked if there was anything in Sullivan's statement of a startling nature, and he said there was.

"Is there enough in it to secure some body's arrest and indictment?"

"Indeed there is, but I can't tell you anything about it."

CHICAGO, May 28.—While reposing in a narrow cell at Harrison street station last night Detective Daniel Coughlin was formally charged with the murder of Dr. Cronin. This important step was decided upon in the early part of the afternoon, and acting under the advice of State's Attorney Longenecker, Lawyer W. J. Hynes, and Capt. Hubbard, John Cronin, the brother of the murdered man, appeared in Justice Kersten's court and swore out two warrants charging Detective Coughlin, P. O. Sullivan, et al. with the murder of Dr. P. H. Cronin.

The warrant for Coughlin's arrest for murder was brought to the Harrison street station by Justice Kersten personally and handed to Capt. Bartram, who was holding him in custody. The warrant was signed by the State's Attorney, W. J. Hynes, and Attorney General, John C. Schack, who has been retained as counsel by the ex-detective. The captain, accompanied by Justice Kersten, immediately descended to the cell-room where the prisoner was confined. Coughlin had already retired for the night, but upon being aroused sat quietly on the edge of the narrow cot and listened to the terrible words uttered by the captain which called for his arrest for a most fearful crime.

There was not a tremor of the strong man's frame as he listened to the charge contained in the warrant, and he smiled as he continued dressing himself in obedience to the captain's command.

It was deemed best to hold the trial in the court where the warrant was sworn out, and the command was given to proceed with the prisoner at once to the Chicago avenue police court. In charge of Capt. Bartram and three officers the prisoner was slipped into the patrol wagon and rapidly driven to the North Side. Justice Kersten and Attorney General followed in a cab. Upon the arrival at the Chicago avenue station Coughlin stepped briskly into the squad room and greeted the officers with a cheerful and pleasant smile and a hearty shake of the hand.

He bore himself with wonderful coolness for a man charged with murder, and many of those gathered about admired the nerve he displayed. It was exactly 11:30 o'clock when Justice Kersten ascended the bench and called the case of the people vs. Daniel Coughlin et al. For a minute he fell upon the small crowd of newspaper reporters and others in the court-room, which was broken by Capt. Bartram, who advanced to the bar of justice and asked that the prisoner be held until June 5th without bail.

Lawyer Farret protested against this, asking for a continuance for a day only before the question of bail should be decided.

"I don't know of any statutory law," responded Justice Kersten, "requiring the court to take testimony in order to determine the magnitude of the offense. The crime charged is murder and the court is unable to fix any bail in this case. In regard to the statements by counsel that the granting of a ten days' continuance will deprive the defendant of the benefit of the coroner's verdict I think they are erroneous. The coroner's inquest is one thing and the court proceedings another. The coroner's jury may acquit and the court may find the defendant guilty."

"It looks to me," responded Mr. Farret, "as if the proceedings were extraordinary and somewhat out of the usual line. I can see no other motive for the extraordinary step but to deprive the client of the benefit of the verdict which will probably be returned by the coroner's jury."

"It has no other duty to perform," returned the court, "but to deal with this case as the statute provides. I think a ten days' continuance is not asking too much time, and I will continue the case until June 5 at 9 o'clock sharp in the morning. Let the prisoner be taken to the county jail, and there confined until that time without bail."

Ice-Man Sullivan Under Arrest.

P. O. Sullivan was notified a little before 1 o'clock yesterday that he was needed at the Lake View station. After a hearty dinner Sullivan was escorted through the stable in the rear of his house, via Ashland and Lincoln avenues to the station house. Capt. Schack was a little late in arriving, but at 2 o'clock Mayor Boldenweck, Lieut. Schuetler and Wing, and Lieut. Schuetler took charge of the investigation and put Sullivan on the rack. For the next three hours nothing could be learned from within or without.

It was after 6 o'clock before Capt. Schack left the station. He then notified the members of the press that it was decided to hold Sullivan as a witness. While the captain was giving this information to the reporters Sullivan, escorted by a couple of central office detectives, left by the rear entrance and reached his residence before 7 o'clock.

Sullivan took supper at his house with Mr. and Mrs. Whalen, and after assuring

them of his future vindication the party of three returned to the Lake View station. Here he remained till about midnight, when officers from Justice Kersten's court arrived with a warrant, similar to that served on Coughlin. Sullivan was also refused in this case, and Mr. Sullivan will be taken to the county jail.

Yesterday was a day of important developments in the Cronin murder case. For those interested it was a day of excitement and apprehension. From early morning it was rumored that Sullivan, the ice-man, was about to be arrested, and, though some people regarded the report as false, like some that preceded it, the majority thought that in a measure things had come to a head and something important was at hand. Later on in the day it became known that a conference to hold closed doors was in progress at the Lake View station, in which Sullivan was the conspicuous figure.

The conference was conducted with the greatest secrecy. The officers in the front room of the station pulled down all the curtains and locked the doors. Sullivan was admitted through the captain's office, but did not remain during the whole session. The detective officers from the Larabee street and East Chicago avenue stations were summoned separately. The last man to be called was Justice Mahoney, the Lake View magistrate who introduced Sullivan to Dr. Cronin. They all refused to answer questions and little could be learned concerning the result of the conference. Capt. Wing was especially close-mouthed. Evidently the participants in the conference had resolved to keep the result of their deliberations temporarily from the public.

It has been rumored, however, that valuable facts were elicited, and many expressions of opinion have been heard. Just what has been learned by the police is, of course, a more matter of conjecture, but that it is of great value is attested by the fact that Sullivan was held under arrest, and a warrant sworn out against him for murder.

Just where Peter McGeehan, the Philadelphia "suspect," is enjoying his incarceration in a jail house is unknown. Nobody doubts that he is under arrest. The police will only admit, however, that there is one man in custody. He is Detective Coughlin, late of the East Chicago avenue station. While it is claimed that Coughlin has been informed of the statements of the real Smith of Houghton, Mich., which completely shatter his own explanation of his transactions with Liveryman Dinan, it is believed that Coughlin has been confronted, not only with that statement but also with other evidence calculated to break him down. In short, it is believed that Coughlin is treated to a taste of the "sweet box" theory, of which he was so long himself a distinguished disciple. The question is: "Will Coughlin squint?"

Of the time of the manner in which the man "J. B. Simons" vacated the rooms at 117 Clark street and moved all of his effects, including the trunk, to the Carlson cottage are still unknown to the police, who can gain no information on either point. They have examined expressions by the score and have quizzed all the people in the block. Some were found who remember to have seen the furniture and trunk being taken to the rooms, but no one saw the traps taken out.

Peter McGeehan was not the man who drove the team away to his home. Frank T. Scanlan, who knew McGeehan and who saw Cronin driven away, said he was not the man. Liveryman Dinan saw McGeehan, who was brought to his barn by a detective, and said that McGeehan was not the man who went away with the white horse.

The evidence against McGeehan is not known. It is said that a portion of it relates that he left Philadelphia after declaring that he was bound on a dangerous and desperate mission. Coming to Chicago he lived at McColly's hotel in a manner rather peculiar for a person who came to a strange city to look for work at blacksmithing. It is also said that McGeehan did not occupy his room on the night of May 4.

The police are looking carefully after young Cronin, son of the owners of the house containing the den of assassins. Not that there is anything against the young man, but they simply think he will be useful in identifying "suspects." He has already seen all the men under arrest, but what pointers he was able to give the police could not be ascertained.

The most important visitor to headquarters was Willard J. Smith, late of Houghton, Mich., whose story he told Monday was so strong against Coughlin's statements as to the identity of the man for whom he hired the horse and buggy at Dinan's livery. Smith wrote a note to Superintendent Hubbard saying he would tell him if he so desired. He was sent for and repeated his story to Lieut. Elliott, who believed him implicitly and acknowledged that it increased the seriousness of Coughlin's position. Mr. Smith was told to go after he furnished his address and voluntarily agreed to appear whenever the police wished to see him.

William or "Bully" King, who was arrested under the impression that he might be the man of that name described by Woodruff, was arrested while entering a disreputable house. He proved to be a young man well known principally on account of his swift mode of life. He has never been mixed up in any crookedness or even deemed capable of murderous work, and he does not resemble the man King of Woodruff's yarn. The detectives satisfied themselves that King was all right and turned him out.

An important and protracted conference was held in the afternoon in State's Attorney Longenecker's office at which every phase of the Cronin murder, all the papers left by the murdered man which could throw any light on the foul conspiracy that drove him to his death, the evidence collected against those early arrested and for complicity in the crime, and the suspicious thrown on any of them who are still at liberty but may be placed behind the bars at any minute were carefully considered.

Closed with Judge Longenecker were Mayor Cregier, Corporation Counsel Hutchinson, Chief of Police Hubbard and Attorneys Luther Laflin Mills and W. J. Hynes. The papers left by Dr. Cronin were turned over to the State's attorney. A later conference was held at the coroner's office and an hour and a half was occupied in laying the details of the evidence before that official. The lawyers explained how they wanted the evidence presented and how much of it, that he might direct the examination as the prosecution deemed best. During the early conference it was given out that a further adjournment of the inquest would be asked in order to secure further testimony, but the confidence expressed by the decision to go on with the case led to the belief that some new and very strong evidence had been turned up during the afternoon.

The confidence of Dr. Cronin's friends lent some color to rumors of "squealing" by Sullivan, the ice-man, as well as by Dan Coughlin, the deposed detective.

Three or four persons are said to be in custody and to have made statements that draw the lines very close to half a dozen persons. Affidavits from willing witnesses were presented that make the case a strong one. The lawyers think they have enough evidence in hand to justify proceeding with the inquest, and it will begin to-day.

Just received 100 new shades of Corbignelli's arrasene, embroidery silk, etc. at Spoon & Snyder's.

'The lesser thing should not the greater hide.'

—SHAKESPEARE.

There is no hiding the bargains offered by the

Milwaukee Clothing Co.

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Spring and Summer Clothing

COMPLETE OUTFITS,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LOWEST PRICES.

Don't imagine for an instant that because we only sell the best quality of Clothing that's made, that our prices are high; on the contrary, you'll find that our prices are as low, and perhaps lower than greatly inferior Clothing is sold for elsewhere. Look at the following and then ask yourself why you don't patronize the Milwaukee Clothing Co.:

Splendid All Wool Spring Overcoats reduced to \$9 to close. This is a nobby, stylish coat, different styles.

Mens Suits. Latest spring and summer styles, 4.50, 5.50, 6.00, 6.50, 7.00, 9.00, \$10.00 and upwards; in chevots, cassimeres and worsteds.

Childrens Knockabouts and School Suits at 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, \$3.00 and upwards. Largest line of Boys' KNEE PANTS at 35c, 40c and 50 cents per pair. A full line of

Straw Goods. Latest fads in Straw Hats direct from the manufacturers. Lower prices than any house in the city.

FURNITURE!

Parlor Suits, from \$30.00 to \$75.00

Lounges 6, 9, and \$15.00.

Fancy Chairs from 2 to \$15.

Chamber Suits from 18, 20, 23, 25, 28 to \$75.

All the Latest Styles in Antique Oak.

Book Cases, Writing Desks

Hall Trees, &c

Extension Tables only \$4.

Folding Beds from 20 to \$65.

Furniture of all kinds kept in stock.

Picture Frames made to order

200 styles of moulding kept in stock. Prices as low as the lowest.

Goods Sold on weekly and monthly installments.

MOSES & BRO.

No. 60, West Milwaukee St

Given Away!

ONE :: ECLIPSE :: HOSE :: REEL

With every 100 feet of

GARDEN HOSE

purchased at

MILLS BROS.

The following manufacturers of Garden Hose are represented by us:

The Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co.

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Prices on Hose guaranteed as low as the lowest (quality considered) and every length warranted. Please call and examine our stock.

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At the Insurance and Real Estate office Room 10, second floor in the Jackson Block, is represented the old, strong

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OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED,

ALSO THE

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company.

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am,

Very Respectfully,

SILAS HAYNER, Agent

NOW OPEN!

AND DOING

Tremendous Business!

But this sale will last but a very short time, as Mr. Finnerty, receiver of this sale, has been ordered by the court to close up the affairs of this concern at once, as the creditors are clamoring for their money.

A Telegram Received by Mr. Finnerty.

CHICAGO, May 25th, 1889.

J. Finnerty, Receiver of the Sheriff's Sale, 13

Main street, Janesville, Wis.:

Stock must be closed at once, if you can do no better sacrifice it at 35 cents on the dollar.

D. CAVANAUGH, Assignee.

Armed with the above telegram, we will, beginning to-morrow, until the entire stock is disposed of, sell you Foot wear at just one-third the original value, or in other words,

35 CTS. ON THE DOLLAR.

8 cases infants' fine Kid Button Shoes, sizes one's to five's, worth 50 cents, our price 15

2 cases Ladies Goat Button Shoes (worked holes) regular value, \$2.00, our price 79

16 cases Child's Kid and Goat Spring Heel Shoes, sold all order for \$1.00, our price 38

30 cases Shoe Dressing worth 25 cents, our price 2

Ladies' Hand Turned \$5 Shoes, our price 2 15

Ladies' Machine Turned \$4 Shoes, our price 1 60

Men's Calf Shoes, in button and lace or congress, good value for \$3.50, our price 1 35

Ladies' good house slippers, 07

Space does not permit us to renumerate sur many bargains we have in stock, but

Come and See For Yourself,

what they are, with the above to indicate the drift of our prices, the bargain seekers will not be slow in "catching on," and the early comers have the first pick. Remember this is no "humbug," the stock

Must : and : Will : Be : Disposed : of,

if we have to give it away. If you want any phenomenal bargains in footwear you must come at once as everything is going fast.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF BOOTS & SHOES.

Myers Block, 13 Main Street, Janesville, Wis.,

J. FINERTY, Receiver. Look for red sign

Real Estate and Money to Loan.

RUST &

A black and white illustration of a woman in a long dress and apron standing and holding a small object, while another woman in a similar dress sits in a large armchair, looking up at her. The room has a fireplace, a table with a book, and several framed pictures on the wall.

KID GLOVES can easily be cleaned by first putting the glove on the hand, then take a clean piece of flannel, some tepid water and a cake of IVORY SOAP, wet the flannel slightly and rub it lightly on the soap, then rub the soiled parts of the glove with the soaped flannel. After the dirt is removed, rub all parts of the glove with a damp piece of clean flannel; remove the glove, stretch it lengthways and lay aside to dry. Ordinary soap contains too much alkali, which will turn the color of the kid.

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

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**ARE YOU GOING TO BUY
A SUIT,
SUMMER COAT AND VEST,
HAT OR ANY FURNISHING
GOODS.**

If you are, we are looking for you. Close buyers for cash will feel interested in the prices we give. We have the

Best Made and Trimmed line of **Clothing**

in Janesville, and you can see at once its the cheapest "Quality the best and prices the lowest" shall be our motto.

Look, Look, Look!

At our tailor made line of suits and extra pants. We feel gratified for the trade we have had since coming among you. We are not exactly strangers now.

Our Prices Have Made Friends

We want to get acquainted with every Clothing buyer, so invite you all to come in, look at our goods and learn prices.

OUR HATS ARE VERY ATTRACTIVE

at the prices. Men's Light Colored Stiff Hats, latest styles \$2.00. Many among them worth \$3.00 to \$3.50. They w sample hats, we took them all.

Men's all-wool pants, at \$1.95.
Child's pants 25 to 95 cents.
Our new straw hats are 'all right'
 Don't forget the place We can save you money.
FRANK H. BAACK & CO.
 22 West Milwaukee Street.

FOREST PARE
Lots bought at present prices are
The Best Investment in Janesville
The slightest investigation will convince you that the most valuable

improvements are being made in the Third ward, and so it will continue to be. Surely

There's Money in Lots at \$300

within three blocks of the high school, especially when lots are sold from the school sell for \$1,600. The natural trees and gravel streets, are not found elsewhere at the price. Great place for children; just a men loose.

GASOLINE STOVES.

The Best in the Market.

Call and see them.

A TWO BURNER

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FOR
\$4.00.
 We also have the cleanest
 stock of
HARDWARE



IN THE CITY, AND
Sell as Cheap as
Cheap.
 ALL KINDS OF TIN WO

KIMBALL HARDWARE CO.
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[illegible]

THE GAZETTE.

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LOCAL MATTERS.

Flags, baskets, &c., at Denniston's.
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Regulation square cut G. A. R. suits to order at F. H. Back & Co., 22 West Milwaukee street.

Wild plums, cherries and strawberries, at Denniston's.

NOTICE TO FISHERMEN—You will find our stock of fishing boots complete, and the prices are guaranteed the very lowest.

Cape jasmine buds, at Denniston's. \$10 and \$12 buys a first class business suit at T. J. Zeigler's.

Flower baskets for Decoration day at Denniston's.

Two nice lots in the first ward for \$175 each. C. E. BOWLES.

Don't fail to look at Zeigler's bargains in suits.

House, and east front lot, well located on Terrace street for \$900. C. E. BOWLES.

Corn and oats at Smith & Gateley's.

AGENTS WANTED.—A few live agents wanted in this and adjoining counties, to sell nursery stock for Chase Brothers & Co. Good pay to live men. Call at No. 2 South Jackson street and see agent.

O. E. Bowles has money to loan.

We call particular attention to our complete line of black and cream lace handkerchiefs. Beautiful patterns from \$1 up. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

O. E. Bowles has money to loan.

Boys and Children's Clothing—Latest styles.

The Milwaukee Clothing Company are now prepared to show all the latest novelties in boys' suits. Handsome styles in boys' jerseys and knit suits. A splendid line of boys' knickerbockers and school suits running in children's sizes from four to fourteen years at prices so low that they astonish everybody. Buy your boys' clothing at the Milwaukee Clothing store and save your money.

New printed dunnies sets \$8 up, at Wheelocks. Also lawn sets, bird cages; large wire lawn chairs \$3 each.

Japanese fans and napkins. Fine assortment at J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

O. E. Bowles has money to loan.

Full line of Jewett's Refrigerators, \$10 up; new Lightning Ice Cream Freezers, quadruple motion, Cedar Tub, at Wheelocks.

\$100 worth of silk umbrellas just opened; nobby handles, low prices, reliable make. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

We have an interesting stock of jackets and wraps. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Sawed and split poplar, pine slabs basswood, second growth oak, body oak, soft maple and hard maple at Smith & Gateley's.

Baled hay, bran and ground feed at Smith & Gateley's, 302 West Milwaukee street.

WANTED.—A good girl for general house work at 181 Terrace street, first ward.

TODD'S

"BURTON A. INDIA PALE ALES" are acknowledged by judges to be superior to the Imported English Ales. They have the virtue of being strictly pure—nothing save malt and hops, and of the choicest quality, enters into their composition. Consequently all the nutritive tonic and restorative properties those ingredients are known to possess are found judiciously blended in these brands of ale.—Brewery east end Milwaukee St. bridge.

WANTED.—Three men of good address for responsible positions on the road Salary and expenses. Apply at once at Park hotel. Ask for C. E. Beach.

To those desiring the best selection of lots in the Third ward, I can furnish a few for first class residences.

O. E. BOWLES.

Boys and children's suits at prices that will please you, at Zeigler's.

Buy the Douglas \$3 Shoe—the best made for the price. Printed warrant with every pair. Brown Bro's are the agents.

No country village refuse stock at Sutherland's. All wall paper direct from the manufacturer. Splendid goods. Call and see them.

MONEY TO LOAN by D. Oonger.

Money to loan, on real estate. C. E. BOWLES.

The great wall paper sale for the millions, continues at Sutherland's book store, No. 12 Main street.

—Outwage and sack business suits in great variety and at living prices at Zeigler's.

Another very large invoice of wall papers received direct from the manufacturers this (April 12, 1889) at Sutherland's bookstore.

Great bargains in albums at Sutherland's.

SCHOOL TEACHERS WANTED.—By Brown Bros, the shoe men to try their \$2.40 Douglas kid shoe. The soles are soft and flexible and the stock is almost equal to real French kid, and the style and wear is a genuine surprise. Don't rush out and buy any "side shoddy" goods but trade with responsible dealers and you will be well treated and get the worth of your money.

Stamping on all kinds of material promptly and neatly done at Spoon & Snyder's.

No flie, no shoddy, no Jews on the line of Douglas Shoes sold only by Brown Bros.

THREE YOUTHFUL CAR-THIEVES.

The Perpetrators of Many Petty Burglaries Believed to be Under Arrest.

Three Janesville Run-Aways Stopped by the Police in Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

For nearly six months reports of small burglaries and thefts have made Marshal Hogan's couch an uneasy one. Most of the thefts were committed in the neighborhood of the Northwestern switch yard, and for some time past Marshal Hogan has kept two or three suspected ones in the neighborhood under close watch. A week ago Thursday night Samuel Grundy's tobacco warehouse on Pleasant street was broken into and several thousand cigars were taken. Part of the cigars were found a day or two later under the pickle factory building, and the three boys—George Bidwell, Marsh and Sullivan—who were suspected of having done the work, suddenly disappeared.

Last evening Constable Acheson received a dispatch from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, officials, reading:

"A boy claiming to be George Bidwell, from Janesville, is offering to sell a gold watch that he says he bought from Cook. Is he all right?"

Word was returned to hold Bidwell and look for the other two, whose descriptions were at once telegraphed. Later the Cedar Rapids officers telegraphed that all three were under arrest.

Marshal Hogan started for Cedar Rapids on the night train. It is believed that the arrest explains the Grundy burglary and also a number of car robberies on the Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Northwestern roads. Several cars in the Janesville yards have been broken open within the past six months, and cigars removed. Among the plunder secured were tools from a wrecking train, cheese, bags, axes and considerable tobacco.

Considerable frost was recorded by weather observers last night.

A set of heavy wagon scales is being put in at the Ford & Crockett flour mill.

—Janesville City Lodge No. 90, I. O. O. F., occupy Odd Fellows' hall this evening.

"Comrades in Arms" at Lappin's opera house this evening—benefit of the G. A. R. post.

—Encyclopaedia Britannica, popular reprint, \$2.50 per volume. R. M. Trux, Park Hotel, city.

—Mrs. C. P. Steel of the first ward has returned from a seven months visit in Boston and the east.

—There will be a drill of the Janesville Light Infantry this evening and tomorrow evening, commencing at eight o'clock.

—Considerable damage to corn and early tobacco from last night's frost is reported from various parts of the county.

—From the large attendance at drill last evening it is believed that the Light Infantry will go to Brodhead with at least thirty men.

—Tobacco setting this year is beginning early. James Larson a successful settler in the town of Rock, began setting yesterday.

—Miss Mary Lyke and Miss Mary Van Kirk leave to-morrow for New York and other eastern cities, where they will spend the summer.

—The street cars will run to the cemetery from 9 to 12 a. m. and from 1:30 until 6:00 p. m. every day this week until after Decoration day.

—Several from this city are attending the Sunday school convention at Footville to-day and a number of others will drive over to-morrow.

—Rev. Richard Miller of this city will preach at Janesville Grange Hall on Sunday afternoon at three o'clock. Sunday school will also be held.

—Baskets of jasmine buds made the air fragrant around J. A. Denniston's store this morning. The buds which were secured for Memorial day attracted much attention.

—Marion McDonald has returned from Milwaukee and will take up the first ward mail bag to-morrow. The next of the carriers to enjoy a vacation will be Clair Capelle, who will begin his outing at once.

—Mr. J. Edwin Browne, manager of the "Comrades in Arms" combination, which appears at Lappin's opera house this evening, was a pleasant caller at the Gazette office to-day. Mr. Browne is an old Walworth county boy, and is a jolly good fellow to meet.

—Oriental Lodge No. 22, Knights of Pythias, assemble in regular weekly meeting this evening at Castle hall, Jefferson block, West Milwaukee street. A delegation from the Edgerton lodge will make a fraternal visit to the Janesville lodge on this occasion, and it is desired that a full attendance of members be present.

—Two young men answering to the name of Nash, rode down from the Five Points with Marshal Hogan last evening. They didn't ride because they wanted to. They were drunk and all they really pined for was a light. They fought the marshal desperately, and as a result they will appear before Judge Patterson to-morrow considerably disfigured. The marshal won easily in the first round.

—Mr. Michael McKee, of this city, and Miss Mary Rooney, of La Prairie, were married at 10 o'clock this morning at St. Patrick's church by the Rev. Father McMinity. Mr. and Mrs. McKee have gone to Geneva to spend a short time visiting the bride's sister, Mrs. Larry McCue, when they will return and make their home in this city. Their many friends will extend their heartiest congratulations.

—Ald. Chas. Horn has preserved in alcohol a speckled trout, caught at Crystal Springs a few days ago, which is five and one half inches in length. The trout fry were placed in Crystal Springs one year ago, and this one indicates the growth of the little beauties since that time. It is said the brooklet is swarming with the little trout, and Capt. Buchholz anticipates great sport for his guests in the near future.

—The directors of the "Texas Spring Palace," to be opened at Fort Worth

THE JANSVILLE DAILY GAZETTE, TUESDAY, MAY 28, 1889.

James M. Mansur, of the town of Harmony, as one of the judges to decide on the relative merits of displays from the various counties of Texas. The judges are composed of representatives from all the states of the union exclusive of Texas. We congratulate Mr. Mansur on the honor thus bestowed upon him.

COLLINS' ON A TEAR.

HE PUTS OFFICER SMITH'S EYE IN DEEP MOURNING.

James Collins, better known as "Pach," was on the warpath again last night. He was vowing vengeance on Hogan, but not finding that officer, started towards J. B. McLeary's cigar store. Here Officer Smith met him, and seeing that the young man was bent on mischief, told him to go home. Collins refused; but the officer finally got him as far as the Grand Hotel. Here he resisted vigorously. Not wishing to use violence Officer Smith tried to hold Collins until he became less violent. As a result of his forbearance he received a heavy blow over the eye which changed the color of that member to a deep purple.

The fight was kept up for some time, but Collins was finally lodged in jail and looked up for the night.

AT DEW A CROSD.

BUSINESS AT THE CORNER GROCERY WAS UNUSUALLY GOOD.

An orchestra in dress suits was one of the novelties shown at Lappin's Hall last evening. It succeeded in developing some very good music—so good that the audience almost regretted it when the curtain went up. But judging from the applause five minutes later, every one was reconciled. "The Corner Grocery" as played by John D. Griffin was a distinct hit; largely so through the clever Irish comedy work of Mr. Griffin himself, and the antics of the bad boy as shown by C. F. Buckley. The play is not marked by subtle qualities, it is rather of the roaring and harum-scarum order, and it kept the audience last evening in an uproar. If it is clamoring, it was good clamoring for the laughter of the hearers attested.

CARRIED A BIG GIN.

BUT IS BELIEVED TO BE WANTED ON OTHER COUNTS.

Charles Evans is a young man from near Sharon, but his talk would indicate that he came from the upper waters of Blood-Tad creek. He was in a River street saloon about nine o'clock last night in company with a revolver half as long as his arm. Marshal Hogan heard of him and promptly put him under arrest. The nominal charge preferred is carrying concealed weapons, but it is understood that the arrest was made for a much more important reason, and that interesting stories will be disclosed when the case comes into court to-morrow.

HAZARDS AT A RE-UNION.

FIFTH WARD BROTHERS MAKE THINGS LIVELY LAST EVENING.

What the officers called a "little family reunion" helped to keep people near the African branch interested last evening. About six o'clock, while George and "Darl" Griffin were walking together a short distance from the Northwestern freight house, they fell into a dispute about wages. "Darl" Griffin insisted that his brother still owed him for work done some time ago and tried to enforce his claim with a razor. His brother defended himself with a revolver, but the bullet bedded itself harmlessly in a pile of ties. Neither of the disputants were hurt and no arrests have been made.

TRANSFERS OF ROCK COUNTY REAL ESTATE.

The following real estate transfers, were recorded during the week ending May 27, as reported by C. E. Bowles, Real Estate and Loan Agent:

Edward Keating to Maria L. Blesdale, 1/2 of lot 1 of Mitchell's 2d addition, Janesville, \$1,825 00

A. B. Carpenter to Lorena M. Bell, 1/2 of block 62 and 41, O. P. B. 2, 2,534 00

Thomas H. McKee to John A. Myers et al., part of lots 1 and 11, in block 30, O. P. B. 2, 2,534 00

Charles H. Miller to Elisha L. Wood, 1/2 of section 16, T. 1, S. 1, R. 1, 3,500 00

John H. Giesley to Herman Fobian, 1/2 of lot 1 of block 12, 2d addition, 2,000 00

Euphemia M. Donnet to Alexander Paul, 1/2 of lot 1 of block 12, 2d addition, 2,000 00

Malinda F. Millington to James E. Hoag, 1/2 of lot 1 of block 12, 2d addition, 1,200 00

Ernest Lappin to Charles Kierchner, 1/2 of lot 1 of block 12, 2d addition, 500 00

John G. Giblin to John G. Giblin, 1/2 of section 30, T. 1, S. 1, R. 1, 2,000 00

HIGGINS' BOND FORFEITED.

THE LIQUOR-SELLING CASE COMES UP BEFORE JUDGE BENNETT.

The case of Abbott & Hastings against A. E. Burpee occupied the circuit court again to-day.

The case of the estate against Edward Higgins was brought up during a recess, and the defendant's bond was declared forfeited. Higgins is a Beloit saloon-keeper, and is charged with selling liquor to minors. He was under bonds of one hundred dollars.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS.

THEY MET TO DAY IN SEMI-ANNUAL SESSION.

Rock county Sunday school workers met to-day in the twentieth semi-annual session. The meetings which will continue through to-morrow are at the Methodist church in Footville and the programme for to-day is:

2:00 P. M.—Devotional, led by Rev. W. H. Melott.

4:00 P. M.—Organization—Appointment of committees.

7:00 P. M.—Praise Service, led by Father Cheeny.

7:30 P. M.—Teachers and Teaching, Pres. W. C. Whitford.

9:00 A. M.—Praise and conference led by Rev. T. S. Kimberly.

10:00 A. M.—Report from schools.

10:30 A. M.—How to Retain our Adult Scholars, Rev. M. Evans.

11 A. M.—Discussion.

11:20 A. M.—Report of committees and Question Box opened.

2:00 P. M.—Praise service and Bible reading, Rev. H. H. Hapell.

3:00 P. M.—Relation of Sunday School to Church Work, Prof. O. A. Bacon.

4:00 P. M.—Talk to Children by Rev. O. M. Van Swearingen.

CHAIRMAN FENNER KIMBALL.

The Title Conferred By The County Board of Supervisors This Afternoon.

Steps Taken To Fix The Boundaries of The County—A Janesville Bridge.

Hon. Fenner Kimball was elected chairman of the Rock county board of supervisors this afternoon.

The board assembled in special session at two o'clock in the office of County Clerk W. F. Williams, in the court house. Hon. Wm. Gunn, chairman of the last board, called the supervisors to order, and County Clerk Williams called the roll of members as follows:

Avon—John B. Henry. Beloit—Chas. N. Nye. Bradford—Robert More. Center—Seth Fisher. Clinton—J. C. Barker. Fulton—J. P. Parsons. Harmony—Geo. C. Chapman. Janesville—J. L. Barr. Johnston—Wm. Zull. La Prairie—Henry Tarrant. Lima—W. J. McIntyre. Magnolia—John Rodd. Milton—P. M. Green. Newark—Halver Olmstead. Plymouth—J. B. Imms. Porter—J. B. Miller. Rock—Wm. Gunn. Spring Valley—J. B. Kirkpatrick. Turtle—G. H. Crosby. Union—S. C. Caldwell.

Village of Clinton—W. J. Jones. Village of Evansville—O. E. Lee. City of Edgerton—Andrew Jensen. City of Beloit—First ward, T. B. Bailey; second ward, S. T. Merrill; third ward, Simon Smith; fourth ward, R. J. Burdge.

City of Janesville—First ward, W. F. Carle; second ward, O. F. Nowlan; third ward, Fenner Kimball; fourth ward, Geo. Pickering; fifth ward, T. M. Lynch.

All the supervisors answered to their names, excepting Supervisor T. M. Lynch.

Following the roll call a vote was taken for chairman. Hon. Fenner Kimball was elected on the first ballot, the vote standing: Mr. Kimball, 22; W. J. McIntyre, of Lima, 6; William Gunn, of Rock, 1; R. J. Burdge, of Beloit, 1. The vote was declared unanimous, and Mr. Kimball, after a few appropriate remarks expressive of his appreciation, took the chair.

The petition of Winnebago county that Rock county assist in fixing the line between the two counties by suitable monuments was read; and Superintendent McIntyre was appointed to represent the county.

A petition from the town of Janesville, asking that the county board provide for half the expense in rebuilding the Four-Mile bridge, was read, and ordered referred to the committee on roads and bridges, when appointed.

Simon Smith, W. P. Clarke and C. E. Bowles, the members of last year's Soldier's Relief Committee, were appointed a committee with power to pay out the relief fund now in the county treasury, until next fall, when the new commission created last winter, can begin work.

Judge J. W. Sale's bill of \$198 for the examination of county issues, was allowed.

A resolution by Superintendent Gunn, setting forth the fact that Rock county's court expenses for 1887 were \$20,494, or \$485 per capita while the average in the state was \$101, was read. It was moved that C. E. Lee, G. C. Chapman and John J. Pearson be authorized to investigate as to why it was that Rock county's courts cost more than the courts of Dane, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Milwaukee, Winnebago, Grant, Manitowish and Sheboygan counties together, and the motion was made special order for to-morrow morning at 10:30. The board then adjourned.

EVANSTON IN THE SOUP.

THE STATE UNIVERSITY NINE GRASPS AT FIRST PLACE.

Special Correspondence.

MADISON, May 27.—The town is wild with excitement. Conch shells and tin horns are heard on every side, and the only color to be seen is the university scarlet. The game this afternoon at the fair grounds was won by the university boys by a score of 9 to 5, thus tying the two leaders, Madison and Evanston, for first place. The play was as pretty as any that has been seen on the home grounds this year, not excepting the St. Paul game. Both teams played their best and the result was a game whose ending could not be guessed until the last man was out. The strongest feature of the game was the phenomenal pitching of Lunt, who struck out fifteen of the visitors and allowed them but six hits. The Madison boys have now to defeat Beloit and Lake Forest, which they will undoubtedly do, and then, more sure preparation for Evanston. The tie game will probably be played in Milwaukee. Davies, the University change pitcher, won last Saturday's game for Milwaukee, allowing the Minneapolis visitors only three hits. The Milwaukee management was so pleased with his work that he was offered \$200 a month for the remainder of the season. He has not yet accepted but will probably do so.

The tennis tournament this afternoon was won both singles and doubles by the U. W. players. Evanston had no victory whatever, with which to solace herself.

THE WEATHER.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 51 degrees above zero. Clear with northeast wind.

At one o'clock p. m. the register was 59 degrees above zero. Partly cloudy with north wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 63 and 63 degrees above zero.

Dr. B. MINNER, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., will visit every town in this county during the summer. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the post-office will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examining or visiting patients at their homes.

For the finest ladies' stationery call at Sutherland's bookstore.

May 27, 1889.

BLANCHARD'S NEW HORSESHOE.

HE THINKS THERE IS MILLIONS IN IT AND IS HAPPY.

A rough-looking horse shoe, which seemed to have been broken and then riveted together. That was what it looked like, but to the eye of the blacksmith it meant considerably more. It meant promise of relief from a very vexing problem.

As a matter of fact the rickety-looking shoe was the patent of H. H. Blanchard. Some time ago Mr. Blanchard's horse was troubled by a contracted hoof. Blacksmiths said the horse would have to go unschoed. Mr. Blanchard thought different. He began to experiment.

"If the shoe only gave the hoof a chance to expand," he said to himself, "there would be no trouble. Why not make a shoe with a hinge in front?"

He tried the plan without delay. Taking an ordinary shoe he had it cut in two. Then the toe-calk was riveted on, serving as a joint between the two halves and the "Blanchard adjustable shoe" was complete. Within a week its effect on the troublesome hoof could be plainly seen. A cure followed, and the same result has been obtained by using the shoe on other horses. Blacksmiths pronounce the plan an exceedingly good one, and not only Mr. Blanchard, but Blacksmith W. H. Briggs, by whom a half interest is held, value a quarter interest in the device at five thousand dollars. An application for a patent in the name of Messrs. Blanchard and Briggs has been made.

LISTEN TO THE TALK OF W. E. WHAT THE TOBACCO DEALER THINKS OF DOMESTIC LEAF.

All over the country farmers are complaining because dealers buy their leaf for eight and nine cents and sell it at 55 cents for wrappers and 13 cents for fillers. By the dealers the ground for the complaint is denied. One of them writing to the United States Tobacco Journal says:

A way-faring drummer may receive from a village manufacturer from 35 to 45 cents for a picked case of wrappers, of which there are probably five or six picked of 100 cases, and the drummer may have to whistle for his money, too; but in our market, which rules the country, the value of a crop has long ceased to depend on what the farmer may get. Seed crops are now handled mostly in our market for their value as fillers and binders and not as wrappers. Every picker stands ready to sell out of his packings the so-called wrappers, but not the reverse; for a packing, of which the lower grades have been sold out, is not only more difficult to dispose of, but it becomes more worthless, because the manufacturer who buys packings, and not those who need a case of seed every six months, have got into the habit of looking into a seed crop for the fillers and binders, and not for the wrappers.

COMRADES IN ARMS.

THE GRAND COMEDY DRAMA AT LAPPIN'S OPERA HOUSE THIS EVENING.

The opera house will not doubt be filled to overflowing this evening, on the occasion of the appearance of the veteran actor, Edwin Browne, supported by a superb and carefully selected company. The company recently appeared in Racine, giving the G. A. R. post of that city a rousing benefit. The Racine papers speak in the highest terms of the play and the players, and there is no doubt the company is all it is represented to be. In speaking of the performance in Racine the Times says:

The veteran actor, Edwin Browne, and his newly organized company made their first appearance of the summer season at Racine last evening, in the grand comedy drama entitled "Comrades in Arms," preceded by the elegant comedietta "A Happy Pair." Mr. Browne belonged to the famous old Iron Brigade and as the play was given for the benefit of the resident G. A. R., his old comrades turned out en masse to welcome him. The hall was literally packed with an appreciative audience, and a perfect ovation was given to the company. The singing, sketched by "A Happy Pair," in which Miss Myrtle Loring and Edwin Browne as Mr. and Mrs. Honeyton, portrayed the quaint and happy romance of a newly married pair in an admirable manner. It took extremely well with the audience for its refreshing naturalness. We have seen Mr. Browne in mad and sane parts, and were greatly surprised last evening at his perfect command in the character of Simon Stone, in the drama "Comrades in Arms." He reminded us of Nat Goodwin, and we doubt that his performance could have gotten more genuine fun out of the past than did Mr. Browne. His sense with Miss Loring, in the character of the maid of all work, Nancy Nipper, was excellent. The comedy part of the play could not have been placed in better hands. Miss Loring, one of the leading sopranos on the American stage, is a handsome little lady, and in her songs was delicious. Her cute mannerisms and her jangle of words were just what was brought down the house. Besides being extremely pretty, she combines a great deal of dramatic instinct and what she has to do is portrayed with ability.

The support is composed of a number of clever people, especially Fred Lorraine as Mat Winslow and Miss Doll Douglas as May Manning. Both carried out the parts entrusted to them in a superior manner, and their clever acting was a great help to the play. Mr. Browne has surrounded himself with clever people. The name of Miss Dot Temple, A. W. Nichols and W. A. Ralley, are all well known among the profession. They are all ladies and gentlemen, whose acting shows the true dramatic ring. The piece is one of those simple home comedies which deals with two boys who wore the blue, on many a battle field beneath a southern sky. One returns and steps into a fortune, while the other returns to find his home deserted and his wife gone off with a scoundrel. He takes to drink, but still wears the old blue coat, with brass buttons. He meets his comrade who he had saved in days gone by, and is cared for by him, although at one time he is driven from the home by his wife. He hears he has deserted his home and left his sickly wife to die. In the end everything is righted and all turns out well on Christmas eve. The play teaches a lesson which we can all profit by, and that is always to lend a helping hand to the boys in blue, although they may be nothing more than tramps. We wish our old friend all the success in the world in his new venture and can safely recommend it to the G. A. R. posts throughout the state.

WARNING.